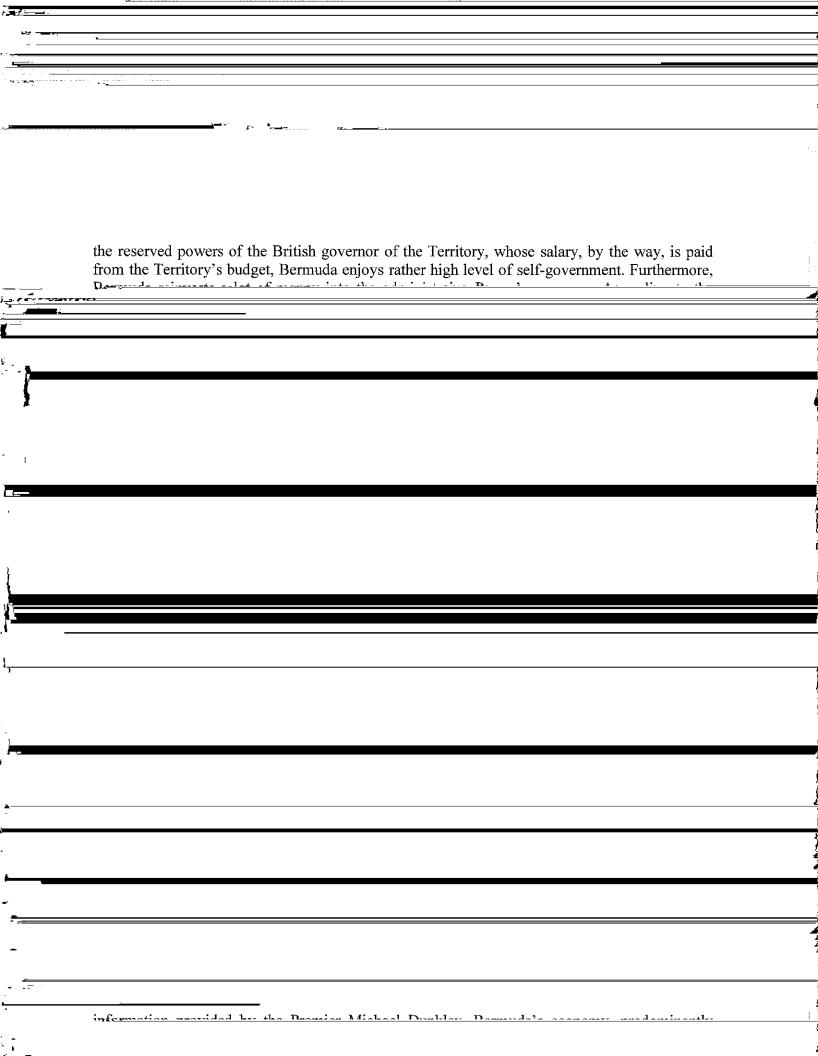


	independent, not a single NSGT graduated from the list. Of course, there are many reasons for	
	that, not the least being the absence of formal cooperation on the part of some administering	
	Powers. As you are aware, the United Kingdom ended formal cooperation with the Special	
	Committee in 1986 and the United States in 1992 <sup>6</sup> . However, we still believe that the Committee	
	could use the remaining period before the end of the decade to try to achieve some results in	
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	fulfilling its mandate.	
	In our opinion, there are three territories on the list that could be the target of the visiting	
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that American Samoa was not a colony of the United States but rather a territory, a status that had been fashioned voluntarily because of economic overtones. He further expressed his personal preference for the United States Congress, which had the ultimate authority to decide on the type of political status that the United States would have with American Samoa, to relinquish



as health, human development, agriculture, forestry and fisheries. Pitcairn also participates in the Pacific Community Coastal Fisheries Programme<sup>13</sup>. The situation of Pitcairn begs the question whether it should be kept on the list of the Special Committee. Here, again, I would like to reiterate my humble opinion that maybe a visit to the island might enlighten the members of the Committee on further action to complete decolonization of ouch a small satisfy and follows we wish a feet some in a continue of the



