Chairperson,

Allow me to address the topidemmunity of Stateofficials from foreign criminal jurisdiction \_ Special Rapporteur Escobar Hernández and the Commission for the completion of the first reading of the text of the draft articles. We believe that the Commission has enardportant progress on this topic and is moving towards a **bel**anced outcome. Although there will be an occasion for governments for comments and observations, Austria would like to present some comments already at this stage.

As to draft article 1, pa

courts and tribunals, Austria welcomes that this clause was moved from draft article 18 to draft article 1. However, there is still the question to what extent

or internationalised criminal courts and tribunals. The commentary mentions in paragraph 25 courts and tribunals created by UN Security Council resolutions under Chapter VII of the UN Charter and hybrid or **inate**ionalised tribunals created by domestic law, including as a result of initiatives originating from universal or regional international organisations. However, the commentary lacks a clear indication as to which of these institutions are encompassed by article 1, paragraph 3.

used in the text. It needs to be clarified that the state meant in this wording is not necessarily identical

iffers from the

terminology used by the Commission in the context of the Articles on Responsibility of States for internationally wrongful acts. There, reference is Austria would prefer a more restrictive definition, addia limitation which

Austria appreciates draft article 7 on crimes under international law in respect of which immunity ratione materiae shall not apply. It regards this central provision of the draft articles as a compromise which is destined to contribute to combatting impunity. Like many others, we see a close link between this article and the procedural provisions and safeguards contained art Four of the draft articles. While we understand the background for the compromise on

have been included in this list.

In draft article 10, paragraph 1, on notificanti to the state of the official, the

to be too broad. Notification should only be required if the measures may affect the immunity of an official. In addition, there shall alwadye an obligation to notify if an official claims immunity.

In draft article 11 on invocation of immunity, it should be added that in the interest of all parties concerned the invocation should be made as early as possible.

As to draft article 12 on waiver of immunity, Austria proposes to insert a clause reno Ending Herror 1/2592/160/2/2017 and 2017 for an analytic for the 2% Control of the 2% Control of the control of th

Austria welcomes the insertion of draft article 18 on the settlemendisputes. However, once the draft articles will be turned into a convention, which we hope will soon be the case, we shall have to provide for time limits regarding any dispute settlement in relation to pending criminal proceedings. We shall also have to a are many fundamental questions concerning the applicability of human rights obligations that need to be addressed.

With regard to the further working methods of the study group, we believe it would be quite a challinge to tackle the broad array of topics listed in paragraphs 235 and 236 of the report alongside the other topics on the work programme of the Commission. In any event, Austria welcomes that the Commission and its study group are addressing the importatopic of sealevel rise and is certain that the Commission also in its new formation will significantly contribute to clarifying international law in relation to this phenomenon.

Thank you.